सफलता की शुरुआत सिर्फ मोशन के साथ...



CBSE

10th Board

Term 1 - 2021

PAPER WITH SOLUTION

SOCIAL SCIENCE

SET - 4

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Ronit Singh

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Above 625 Marks

Above 600 Marks

Students Qualified **2663 / 2843 = 93.66%**

General Instruction:

- This questions paper contains 60 questions out of which 50 questions are to be attempted. All questions carry equal marks.
- This questions paper consists of four sections Section A, B, C and D.
- (iii) Section A contains 24 questions. Attempt any 20 questions from Q.No. 1 to 24
- (iv) Section B contains 22 questions. Attempt any 18 questions from Q.No. 25 to 46
- (v) Section C contains 12 questions (Case Based Study Questions). Attempt any 10 questions from Q.No. 47 to 58
- (vi) Section D contains 2 Map-based questions. Attempt both the questions.
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- t

` ,	The first 20 questions in Section A, 18 questions in Section B and 10 questions in Section C attempted by a candidate will be evaluated.				
(viii)	There is only on correct option for every multiple choice question (MCQ). Marks will not be awarded for answering more than one option.				
	There is no negative r	-	эриоп.		
		SECTIO	ON A		
Δtter	npt any 20 out of 24				
1.	Industrialisation began in which one of the following European counties in the secon half of the eighteenth century?				
Ans.	(A) Germany (D)	(B) France	(C) Italy	(D) England	
2.	Which Type of go Napoleon in 1815?	vernments were ma	ainly driven in Europ	pe after the defeat of	
Ans.	(A) Conservative(A)	(B) Liberal	(C) Federal	(D) Feudal	
3. Ans.	Which one of the following group of countries collectively defeated Napoleon in 1815? (A) Britain, Russia, Prussia and Austria (B) Britain, Russian, Prussia and Australia (C) Britain, Russia, Netherlands and Germany (D) Britain, Luxembourg, Germany and Italy (A)				
4.	place in July 1830?			ationalist upheaval lake	
Ans.	(A) France (A)	(B) Germany	(C) England	(D) Italy	
5.	Who among the follocold"?	owing remarked "Wh	en France sneezes, the	e rest of Europe catches	
	(A) Lord Byron	(B) Metternich	(C) Johann Herder	(D) Napoleon	

Ans. (B)

6. Who among the following was the architect for the unification of Germany?

(A) Otto Von Bismarck

(B) William I

(C) Frederick III

(D) William II

Ans. (A)

7. Who among the following had sought to put together a coherent programme for a unitary Italian Republic during 1830s?

(A) Victor Emmanuel I

(B) Victor Emmanuel II

(C) Giuseppe Mazzini

(D) Count Cavour

Ans.

(D)

Ans.

- **20.** At the initial stages of development, which one of the following sectors was the most important of economic activity?
 - (A) Primary
- (B) Secondary
- (C) Tertiary
- (D) Quaternary

Ans. (A)

- **21.** Activities in which natural products are changed into other forms come under which one of the following sectors?
 - (A) Primary
- (B) Secondary
- (C) Tertiary
- (D) Quaternary

Ans. (B)

- **22.** The products received by exploiting natural resources come under which one of the following sectors?
 - (A) Quaternary
- (B) Tertiary
- (C) Secondary
- (D) Primary

Ans. (D)

- **23.** Which one of the following factors is mainly responsible for declining water level in Indian/
 - (A) Irrigation
- (B) Industrialisation (C) Urbanisation
- (D) Over utilization

Ans. (D)

- **24.** Which one of the following subjects is included in the Concurrent List?
 - (A) Trade
- (B) Commerce
- (C) Agriculture
- (D) Marriage

Ans. (D)

SECTION B

Attempt any 18 out of 22 questions.

- **25.** Two Statement are given below as Assertion (A) and Reasoning (R). Read the Statement and choose the most appropriate option.
 - **Assertion (A):** After Russian occupation I Poland. the Russian language was imposed on its people.
 - **Reason (R):** The use of Polish soon came to be a symbol of struggle against Russian dominance.

Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).

- (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (B) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
- (C) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

Ans. (B)

- **26.** Read the facts regarding the Revolution of the liberals in Europe during 1848 and choose the correct option:
 - 1. Abdication of the monarch
 - 2. Universal male suffrage had been proclaimed
 - 3. Political Rights to women were given
 - 4. Freedom of the press had been asked for
 - (A) Only 1 and 2 are correct
- (B) Only 1,2 and 3 are correct
- (C) Only 1 and 4 are correct
- (D) Only 1, 2 and 4 are correct

Ans. (D)

27. Two statements are given below as Assertion (A) and Reasoning (R). Read the statement and choose the most appropriate option.

Assertion (A): Weavers in Silesia had led a revolt against contractors in 1845

Reason (R): Contractors had drastically reduced their payments.

- (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (C) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
- (D) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

Ans. (A)

- **28.** On which of the following modern aspects did the new Germany place a strong emphasis?
 - 1. Currency
 - 2. Banking
 - 3. Legal system
 - 4. Demography
 - (A) Only 1 and 2 are correct
- (B) Only 2 and 3 are correct
- (C) Only 3 and 4 are correct
- (D) Only 1, 2 and 3 are correct

Ans. (A)

- 29. Which one of the following Italian states was ruled by an Italian princely house?
 - (A) Papal State

(B) Lombardy

(C) Venetia

(D) Sardinia - Piedmont

Ans. (D)

- **30.** Identify the characteristics of Cavour among the following and choose the correct option
 - 1. He was an Italian stateman.
 - 2. He spoke French much better than Italian.
 - 3. He was a tactful diplomat.
 - 4. He belonged to a Royal family.
 - (A) Only 1 and 2 are correct

(B) Only 1,2 are 3 are correct

(C) Only 2, 3 and 4 are correct

(D) Only 1,2 and 4 are correct

Ans. (B)

- **31.** Two statements are given below as Assertion (A) and Reasoning (R). Read the statement and choose the most appropriate option.
 - **Assertion (A):** In Britain, the formation of the nation-state was not the result of a sudden upheaval.

Reason (R): Ethnic groups of Britain extended its influence.

- (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (C) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
- (D) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

- **32.** Which among the following is **not** a problem of resource development?
 - (A) Depletion of resources for satisfying the greed of few individuals
 - (B) Accumulation of resources in few hands
 - (C) Indiscriminate exploitation of resources
 - (D) An equitable distribution of resources
- Ans. (D)
- **33.** Which one of the following human activities has contributed most in land degradation?
 - (A) Deforestation
- (B) Overgrazing
- (C) Mining
- (D) Over-irrigation

- Ans. (A)
- **34.** Two statements are given below as Assertion (A) and Reasoning (R). Read the statement and choose the most appropriate option:
 - **Assertion (R):** Indian farmers should diversify their cropping pattern from cereals to high value crops.
 - **Reason (R):** This will increase income and reduce environmental degradation simultaneously.
 - (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 - (B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 - (C) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) i
 - (D) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.
- Ans. (A)
- **35.** Two statements are given below as Assertion (A) and Reasoning (R). Read the statement and choose the most appropriate option:
 - **Assertion (A):** Majority community is dominant in a few democratic states.
 - **Reason (R):** Dominance can undermine the unity of the country.
 - (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 - (B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 - (C) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
 - (D) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.
- Ans. (A)
- **36.** Two statements are given below as Assertion (A) and Reasoning (R). Read the statement and choose the most appropriate option:
 - **Assertion (A):** Power sharing is good.
 - **Reason (R):** It helps to reduce the possibility of conflicts between social groups.
 - (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 - (B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 - (C) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
 - (D) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.
- Ans. (A)

37. Choose the correct pair among the following:

	(Country)		(Administration)
(A)	Russia	_	Unitary
(B)	China	_	Federal
(C)	Canada	_	Unitary
(D)	Argentina	_	Federal

Ans. (D)

38. Two statements are given below as Assertion (A) and Reasoning (R). Read the statement and choose the most appropriate option:

Assertion (A): The distrust between Sinhalese and Tamil communities turned into widespread conflict in Sri Lanka.

Reason (R): 1956 Act recognized Sinbala as the only official language.

- (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (C) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
- (D) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

Ans. (A)

- **39.** Identify 'Horizontal power sharing' arrangements among the following in modern democracies:
 - (A) Different organs of government
 - (B) Governments at different levels
 - (C) Different social groups
 - (D) Different parties, pressure groups and movements

Ans. (A)

40. Match Column I with Column II and choose the correct option:

Column I Column II I. Union List Α. Computer-related matter II. State List В. Forest III. Concurrent List C. Police IV. Subsidiary Matters D. Defence (A) I - DII - C III - B IV - A III - C IV - D (B) I - AII – B (C) I – D II - C III – B IV - A (D) I - B II – A III - C IV - D

Ans. (C)

- **41.** Which of the following countries is an example of 'coming together' federation?
 - (A) United States of America

(B) India

(C) Spain

(D) Belgium

Ans. (A)

42. What is not an integral part of the government?

(A) Office of the Prime Minister

(B) Legislature

(C) Executive

(D) Judiciary

- 43. Two statements are given below as Assertion (A) and Reasoning (R). Read the statement and choose the most appropriate option:
 - **Assertion (A):** Kerala has low Infant Mortality Rate.
 - Reason (R): Kerala has adequate provision of basic health and education facilities.
 - (A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 - (B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
 - (C) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false.
 - (D) Assertion (A) is false but Reason (R) is true.

Ans. (A)

- Suppose there are four families in your locality, the average per capita income of 44. whom is Rs. 10,000. If the income of three families is Rs. 6,000, Rs. 8,000 and Rs. 14,000 respectively, what would be the income of the fourth family?
 - (A) Rs. 5,000
- (B) Rs. 10,000
- (C) Rs. 12,000
- (D) Rs. 15,000

Ans. (C)

- 45. Which one of the following sectors share the highest share in Gross Domestic Product (GDP) in India?
 - (A) Primary
- (B) Secondary
- (C) Tertiary
- (D) Quaternary

Ans. (C)

- 46. Which one of the following sectors the highest share in employment in 2017-18, India?
 - (A) Primary
- (B) Secondary
- (C) Tertiary
- (D) Quaternary

Ans. (A)

SECTION C

This section consists of cases - A and B. There are total of 12 questions in this section. Attempt any 5 questions from each case.

Case A: Read the source given below Attempt any 5 questions out of 6 (Q. No. 47-52) question.

Jhumming: The 'slash and burn' agriculture is known as 'Milpa' in Mexico and Central America. 'Conuco' in Venezuela, 'Roca' in Brazil 'Masole' in Central Africa. 'Ladang' in Indonesia. 'Ray' in Vietnam.

In India, this primitive form of cultivation is called 'Bewar' or 'Dahiya' in Madhya Pradesh 'Podu' in Andhra Pradesh, 'Pama Dabi' or 'Koman' or 'Bringa' in Odisha 'Kumari' in Western Ghats, 'Valre' or 'Waltre' in South-eastern Rajasthan. 'Khil' in the Himalayan belt. 'Kuruwa' in Jharkhand, and 'Jhumming' in the North western region.

- 47. How is Primitive Subsistence Agriculture related with Jhumming?
 - (A) It is based on shifting cultivation
- (B) It is intensive in nature
- (C) It is based on plantation cultivation (D) It depends upon cash crop

(A) Industry

(B)

Ans.

48.	The 'slash and burn' agriculture is known as 'Conuco' in which one of the following countries?					
		nes? enezuela	(B) Brazil		(C) Indonesia	(D) Mexico
Ans.	(A)		,		. ,	. ,
49.	The 'slash and burn' agriculture is known as 'Roca' in which one of the following countries?			nich one of the following		
Ans.	(A) Me (C)	exico	(B) Indonesia		(C) Brazil	(D) Venezuela
50.	Identify the major problem of Jhumming cultivation.					
	(A) Si	ngle crop domi		_	(B) Modern inputs	
Ans.	(C) Hi (D)	gh cost			(D) Low productio	n
Alis.	(D)					
51.	In India 'slash and burn' agriculture is known as 'Bewar', in which one of the following States?					
Ans.	(A) Ar (B)	ndhra Pradesh	(B) Madhya Pra	idesh	(C) Rajasthan	(D) Jharkhand
52.	Match Column I and Column II and choose the correct options: Column I Column II			ns:		
	I.	Andhra Prade	sh	A.	Kuruwa	
	II.	Odisha		В.	Valre	
	III.	Rajasthan		C.	Penda	
	IV.	Jharkhand		D.	Pama Dabi	
	(A) I-0	C, II-D, III-B, 1	IV-A		(B) I-A, II-B, III-C	C, IV-D
Ans.	(C) I-I (A)	B, II-A, III-D, I	IV-C		(D) I-D, II-C, III-	A, IV-B
Case B: Read the source given below. Attempt any 5 quest (Q. No. 53-58) questions.				5 questions out of 6		
	Take the case of Laxmi with her two-hectare plot of unirrigated land. The govern can spend some money or banks can provide a loan, to construct a well for her for to irrigate the land. Laxmi will then be able to irrigate her land and take a secrop, wheat, during the rabi season. Let us suppose that one hectare of wheat provide employment to two people for 50 days (including sowing, watering, fer application and harvesting). So two more members of the family can be employher own field. Now suppose a new dam is constructed and canals are dug to irrigate the family. This could lead to a lot employment generation with irrigate the case of the family can be employed to a griculture sector itself reducing the problem of underemployment.				struct a well for her family r land and take a second one hectare of wheat can owing, watering, fertilizer amily can be employed in canals are dug to irrigate a generation with in the	
53.			-	secto	ors is Laxmi related	
Ans.	(A) Pr (A)	imary	(B) Secondary		(C) Tertiary	(D) Quaternary
54. Ans.	(A) Bi		owing categories	s of fa	armers is Laxmi rel (B) Medium (D) Agricultural la	
55.		In which one of the following sectors is underemployment seen at the maximum?			en at the maximum?	

(C) Trade

(D) Commerce

(B) Agriculture

- **56.** How does construction of dams and canals create employment in large numbers in rural areas?
 - (A) Large number of engineers are needed
 - (B) Large number of technicians are also required
 - (C) Adjustment of large number of unskilled labourers
 - (D) Executives and administrators can easily be adjusted
- Ans. (C)
- **57.** Which one of the following is the main result of increasing facilities in the field of agriculture?
 - (A) Increase in production
- (B) Increase in productivity
- (C) Change in cropping pattern
- (D) Promote high yielding of crops

- Ans. (A)
- **58.** Which one of the following means of irrigation generally comes under the Public Sector?
 - (A) Well
- (B) Tubewell
- (C) Tank
- (D) Canal

Ans. (D)

SECTION D
Map Based Questions – 59 and 60 are Mandatory.



CBSE 1	.0 th BOARD [SST]_S	SET 4		Page No. 10	
59.	On the outline pol following options:	itical map of India 'A	'is marked as a Da	nm. Identify it from the	
	(A) Tehri	(B) Sardar Sarovar	(C) Hirakud	(D) Nagarjuna Sagar	
Ans.	(C)				
60.	On the same map 'B' is also marked as the largest 'Jute' producer state. Identify from the following options				
	(A) West Bengal	(B) Bihar	(C) Assam	(D) Odisha	
Ans.	(A)				
Note:		estions are for Visu (Map-Based Questio	-	lidates only in lieu of	
59.	Which one of the following dams is located in Odisha?				
	(A) Tehri	(B) Sardar Sarovar	(C) Hirakud	(D) Nagarjuna Sagar	
Δns	(C)				

Which one of the following states is the largest producer of Jute?

(A) West Bengal (B) Bihar (C) Assam (D) Odisha

PAPER ANALYSIS REPORT

Easy	40
Medium	10
Hard	10

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